South East

Homelessness Action Plan

2013 - 2016















Submitted to: Carlow Local Authorities Kilkenny Local Authorities South Tipperary Local Authorities Waterford City Council Waterford County Local Authorities Wexford Local Authorities Health Service Executive South July 2013

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Introduction & Context

Waterford City Council as Lead Authority for the South East region requested the Regional Homelessness Management Group, in consultation with the Regional Homeless Forum, to prepare a Regional Homelessness Action Plan for the period 2013 - 2016. The development of this South East Homelessness Action Plan is in accordance with Part 2, Chapter 6, Section 40 (10) of the Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2009.

The plan is informed by the current national homeless strategy *"The Way Home*: A Strategy to address Adult Homelessness in Ireland 2008 – 2013" and is guided by the principles, strategic aims, approaches and actions as outlined. This plan is also informed by the most recent policy developments which include the Government's Housing Policy statement in 2011 and Homeless Statement in 2013. This plan is cognisant of the Government's policy move towards the provision of housing led responses, underpinned by community based supports, to address the move away from a high dependence on the traditional "staircase" model of care, applied to date.

The actions outlined in the plan are informed by the regional Review of Homeless Services carried out by Murtagh & Partners in 2011 and the recommendations arising from the subsequent Blueprint of Services. The actions are also informed by the work carried out across the region by the Homeless Action Teams, South East Homelessness Management Group and its Working groups and by an analysis of data captured from homeless service providers and Local Authorities & HSE front line homeless services. The actions as outlined will endeavour to ensure the strategic aims as outlined in *The Way Home* and the more recent National Homeless Policy Statement are achieved. The overall aim of this plan is to ensure that people are diverted from homeless accommodation in the first instance and where this is unavoidable that the period spent in emergency accommodation is as short and as successful as it can be.

During the period of this action plan significant change will occur in three of the six Local Authorities which are party to the plan in accordance with actions as outlined in *"Putting People First"*. The planned amalgamations of Waterford City Council with Waterford County Council and South Tipperary County Council with North Tipperary County Council. Both amalgamations are underway and the impact of these amalgamations on Regional Homeless Structures will be addressed when official amalgamation takes place in June 2014.

This section outlines the long term vision for homelessness in the South East region which this plan will lay the groundwork for achieving. This section also outlines the mission or purpose of the plan and the values and principles which underpin it. Overall the plan reflects *The Way Home* Government's National Strategy to address adult homelessness in Ireland from 2008 – 2013. The plan is also guided by more recent national policy developments including the 2011 Housing Policy Statement and National Housing Strategy for People with a Disability and the 2013 Homeless Policy Statement 2013.

Vision

The **2013 National Homelessness Policy Statement** has set a new target to end long term homelessness by 2016 and is underpinned by the commitment by Government to end long term homelessness and the need to sleep rough by implementing a housing-led approach. *The Way Home* previously stated the 2010 target to end long term homelessness and the need to sleep rough throughout Ireland. The risk of a person becoming homeless would be minimised and where homelessness does occur the experience will be short term.

This aim has been largely achieved in the South East region with very low levels of rough sleeping recorded over the 2010 – 2013 period and numbers residing long term in emergency hostels have been greatly reduced. The South East Homeless Forum's vision is of a region where the needs of people who are experiencing homeless will be met in a co-ordinated and planned manner and will offer a range of appropriate, affordable and supportive services aimed at the prevention and reduction of all instances of homelessness and to end long-term homelessness and the need to sleep rough.

Mission

The purpose of the Management Group of the South East Homelessness Forum is, in accordance with section 38 of the Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2009, to provide information, views, advice or reports in relation to homelessness and in relation to the provisions of the draft homelessness action plan and the operation and implementation of the action plan. This requires the Forum to place an emphasis on strengthening preventative policies, procedures, working relationships and services to reduce levels of repeat homeless, thus reducing the overall level of homelessness.

Values and principles

A number of values and principles have informed the development of this plan, and will underpin its implementation.

Outcome focused approach

- \circ $\;$ Homelessness is solvable and preventable and services will be thus focused.
- The overall objective in planning and delivery of homeless services is to achieve the best outcome for households experiencing homelessness by matching services to their needs.

 Inter Agency Co-operation
- Homelessness can only be addressed by relevant bodies working in partnership to agreed objectives which are strategically planned.
- Homelessness has as much to do with appropriate support services as with bricks and mortar. Housing by itself will not solve homelessness in every case. There is also a need for interventions to assist people to move out of homelessness and support services to help them to maintain independent living.
- The co-operation of all relevant parties in providing co-ordinated service provision and integrated care planning is essential to prevent homelessness occurring, eliminating long term homeless and rough sleeping.

Value for Money

- Services and funding will be made available to tackle homelessness in the South East region and must be used in the most efficient and effective way possible.
- The provision of homeless services will be underpinned by a commitment to achieve value for money, effective, efficient and timely access to services.
- All new services to be tendered for.
- The potential for shared services to be fully explored.
- Ensuring that there is sufficient bed night capacity on a nightly basis to accommodate all those in need of emergency accommodation

Service Development

- Development of a case management approach to homelessness will ensure that a person experiencing homelessness is treated uniquely and services and supports are tailored to meet individual needs.
- The views and experience of service users and front line providers will be used to inform the planning of regional and local policy and service responses to homelessness.
- Implementing a housing led approach to preventing the need to sleep rough and end long term homelessness.

- An emphasis on rapid resettlement & rehousing and prevention with a significant reallocation of resource, both human and financial, to same
- The continued development of Homeless Action Teams across the region
- Ensuring that all clients of homeless services with income supports make an appropriate contribution towards the cost of the provision of such services.

Strategic Aims

This South East Homelessness Action Plan mirrors the six strategic aims as outlined in *The Way Home*:

- 1. To reduce the number of households who become homeless through the further development and enhancement of preventative measures preventing homelessness.
- 2. To eliminate the need for people to sleep rough.
- 3. To eliminate long term homelessness and to reduce the length of time people spend homeless.
- 4. To meet the long term housing needs through an increase in housing options.
- 5. To ensure effective services for homeless people.
- To ensure better co-ordinated funding arrangements and re-orientate spending on homeless services, away from emergency responses to the provision of long term housing and support services.

Key performance indicators

Key performance indicators have been introduced as part of the 2013 National Homelessness Policy and each Lead Authority will report to the High Level Oversight Group as established by the Minister for Housing & Planning:

These Performance Indicators are:

Progress will be measured by collecting accurate data on the:

- Number of new presentations on a daily basis.
- \circ $\,$ Number of persons in emergency accommodation for longer than 6 months.
- Number of persons leaving emergency accommodation.
- Occupancy rate in emergency accommodation.
- Number of persons moving on into independent living with support.
- Number of persons moving on into independent living without support.
- Number of persons sleeping rough voluntarily and involuntarily.

The HSE operate three distinct Performance Indicators in terms of Homeless Services and these are:

- Numbers and % of individual service users admitted to statutory and voluntary managed residential homeless services which have medical cards.
- Numbers and % of individual service users whose needs have been formally assessed within 1 week of admission.
- Number and % of individual service users who have a written care plan within 2 weeks.

These Performance Indicators are reported nationally as part of the HSE's National Services Plan.

Monitoring, Evaluation and Progress Reports

Under the terms of the protocol governing delegation of Section 10 funding for Homeless Services to Waterford City Council on behalf of the South East Homelessness Management Group and the South East Homeless Consultative Forum, a new reporting procedure will be in place which will bring together data from each Local Authority area.

A **Quarterly Performance Report** will be submitted by Waterford City Council to the Department of the Environment, Community & Local Government on the following key deliverables:

- Target for accommodating homeless persons with full tenancies
- Number of new presentations on a daily basis
- Number of persons in emergency accommodation for longer than 6 months
- Number of clients with a Care Plan, allocated to a Homeless Action Team
- Number of persons leaving emergency accommodation
- Occupancy rate in emergency accommodation
- Number of persons moving on into independent living with support
- o Number of persons moving on into independent living without support
- o Number of persons sleeping rough voluntarily
- Number of persons sleeping rough involuntarily

A Lead Agency **Annual update** is to be submitted to the South East Homeless Forum at the April meeting each year. The report will deal with progress to date on the action and identify and gaps or blocks which are preventing the achievement of the action.

Section 3 Definition & Causes of Homelessness

Definition of Homelessness

There are a number of means by which homelessness can be defined and measured and this section will outline those most commonly known and accepted by homeless and housing service practitioners.

The independent Jury of the Consensus Conference on Homelessness, comprised of independent experts (not in homelessness), adjudicated on evidence and viewpoints presented by experts in homelessness, and recommended the adoption of the European Typology of Homelessness and Housing Exclusion (ETHOS). **ETHOS** was adopted by FEANSTA – the European Federation of National Organisations Working with the Homeless, and launched in 2005 as a common framework definition of homelessness. ETHOS defines homelessness under four conceptual categories according to a person's living situation:

- Roofless (without shelter, sleeping rough)
- Houseless (living in emergency accommodation)
- Living in insecure accommodation (threatened with eviction due to insecurity)
- Living in inadequate accommodation (in caravans, extreme overcrowding, unfit housing)

Research carried out in the 1990's in the US describes people who experience homelessness as being members of three subgroups. Kuhn et al describes the three groups as;

- **Transitional** (people who use emergency accommodation for brief periods of time and do not return
- Episodic (people who move repeatedly in and out of emergency accommodation)
- **Chronic** (people who are long term users of emergency accommodation and may have repeated experiences of sleeping rough)

The instance of homelessness in Ireland indicates evidence of a small group of people with very high support needs who have been using homeless services for prolonged periods of time, of a further group with medium support needs who live in emergency accommodation for a period of six months to two years and a larger group of people who require emergency accommodation and low levels of support for short periods of time.

Section 3 Definition & Causes of Homelessness

Understanding the complexities of the nature and experience of homelessness is deepening in Ireland and is continuing to inform and shape national and regional strategies and plans such as this one.

For the purposes of this Homelessness Action Plan the definition of homelessness is that as has been defined in the **Housing Act of 1988** as:

A person shall be regarded by a housing authority as being homeless for the purpose of this Act if there is no accommodation available which, in the opinion of the authority,

 he, together with any other person who normally resides with him or who might reasonably be expected to reside with him, can reasonably occupy or remain in occupation of,

Or

 he is living in a hospital, county home, night shelter, or other such institution and is so living because he has no accommodation of the kind referred to in paragraph (a)

And he is, in the opinion of the authority, unable to provide accommodation from his own resources.

Causes of Homelessness

An understanding of the causes of homelessness is crucial to developing effective responses to people who are homeless and to developing strategies which will prevent homelessness from occurring in the first place. While there is no universal consensus on why particular individuals and families become homeless there is an emerging convergence of opinion that it is likely to be due to the interaction of a range of factors, both personal and structural, which are examined here.

In the past, explanations for homelessness have tended to concentrate on it being an individual problem, due to personal difficulties and deficiencies. Now it is generally believed that structural issues such as poverty, unemployment and housing shortages can contribute to homelessness. While these issues significantly affect the incidence of homelessness, not everyone who is unemployed or affected by poverty becomes homeless. Neither is the selection of who becomes homeless a random process, and there are a number of characteristics in the backgrounds of homeless people which are commonly held.

These have been identified in a range of research work and can be usefully summarised as follows:

- o physical or sexual abuse in childhood or adolescence
- o family disputes or breakdown

Section 3 Definition & Causes of Homelessness

- o a background of institutional care
- o offending behaviour and/or experience of prison

There are a number of general causes of homelessness, which include;

- Housing and financial crisis;
- Institutional discharge;
- o Family breakdown, including domestic violence;
- Substance abuse;
- Mental health issues; and,
- the transition from youth to adulthood for young people in care or who were homeless as young people

In addition to these risk factors, there is a range of events or crisis points which can trigger homelessness including:

- o leaving the parental home after arguments
- o marital or relationship breakdown
- o widowhood
- leaving care
- leaving prison
- o a sharp deterioration in mental health or an increase in alcohol or drug misuse
- a financial crisis of mounting debts
- o eviction
- victims of anti-social behaviour

Understanding these characteristics which place people at risk of homelessness and the events which might then trigger homelessness is vital in informing the development of services for homeless people and strategies to prevent homelessness. Clearly many people who experience homelessness will have a range of support needs, which must be addressed alongside their need for housing.

National Policy Framework

Introduction

In drawing up this Homelessness Action Plan the Management Group of the South East Homeless Forum took particular consideration of homeless and housing policies published over the past two decades. The policy framework incorporates the Government's 2013 Homelessness Policy Statement and the 2011 Housing Policy Statement, the Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government National Housing Strategy *Delivering Homes Sustaining Communities,* the 2008 National Homeless Strategy *The Way Home* and the subsequent 2009 National Implementation Plan.

This section identifies significant developments in responses to the problem of homelessness over the past two decades. Overall it is evident from policy that homelessness has moved from the direct provision of accommodation, to a more co-ordinated approach that enables people who experience homelessness to access long term accommodation and prevents homelessness from occurring and re-occurring. The key policies and legislation affecting the delivery of this strategy are outlined below;

Homelessness Policy Statement 2013

The 2013 Homelessness Policy Statement places the rapid provision of appropriate accommodation, with support as needed to ensure sustainable tenancies, as the key solution to ending homelessness. The housing led approach recognises that long-term secure housing is the best outcome for people affected by homelessness. The primary purpose of the 2013 Homelessness Policy Statement is to make explicit the housing led principles in *The Way Home* A Strategy to address Adult Homelessness 2008 – 2013.

Housing Policy Statement 2011

The Programme for Government 2011 contains a commitment to ending long term homelessness and the need to sleep rough by implementing a "housing led" approach. The 2011 Housing Policy Statement has an overall objective to enable all households access good quality housing appropriate to their circumstances and in their particular community of choice. It acknowledges that delivering better outcomes for vulnerable and disadvantaged households is a key priority for the Government.

In this context, a continued focus on tackling the root causes of homelessness and maintaining an integrated and efficient approach to service delivery is required.

Section 4 National Policy Framework

National Housing Strategy for People with a Disability 2011 – 2016

The National Housing Strategy for People with a Disability 2011-2016 sets out a framework for the delivery of housing for people with disabilities through mainstream housing policy. The strategy seeks to mainstream access to independent living for adults living with physical, mental, sensory and intellectual disabilities. The strategy will direct the efforts of housing authorities and the HSE to support people with a disability to live independently.

Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2009

The Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2009 provides a comprehensive legislative framework for the operation of statutory Homelessness Consultative Fora and Management Groups and the making and adoption of homelessness action plans within specified time periods, publication and circulation of the adopted plans and procedures for undertaking a review of a plan or preparing a new plan.

2008 – 2013 The Way Home: A Strategy to Address Adult Homelessness in Ireland

The Way Home was launched in 2008 and is informed by the findings and recommendations of the 2006 Fitzpatrick report. The emphasis of the new strategy is to prevent people from becoming homeless or if they should become homeless this would be short term. The ultimate intention is that persons who have accessed homeless services will be assisted out of homelessness and into long term housing in as short a time as possible.

The strategy sets out six strategic aims around three core objectives:

- Eliminating long term occupation of emergency homeless facilities.
- Eliminating the need to sleep rough.
- Preventing the occurrence of homelessness as far as possible.

2007 Delivering Homes Sustaining Communities

The 2007 National Housing Strategy *Delivering Homes Sustaining Communities* places emphasis on the interagency approach to combating homelessness. It also places emphasis on the use of a case management approach in meeting the needs of homeless households. The strategy prioritises actions aimed at the inclusion of special needs groups within services that are focused around homelessness.

National Policy Framework

The South East Homeless Re-Settlement Strategy (2006)

This report was commissioned by the six local authorities comprising the South East region and the Health Service Executive. It was undertaken by Frank Murtagh of Murtagh & Partners. It has a fundamental theme to provide a planned, seamless range of services to homeless people which would return them to independent living with relevant supports as soon as possible. It recommended the establishment of a Regional Homeless Steering Committee comprising of Local Authorities, Health Service Executive and Voluntary Service Provider representatives. It also led to the establishment of six Homeless Action Teams comprised of local authority housing personnel, HSE healthcare staff and voluntary service provider staff. The South East strategy made a key recommendation for the appointment of a Regional Homeless Co-ordinator in the future to implement and develop the overall aims of the strategy.

Housing Act 1988

The 1988 Act defined homelessness for the first time in legislation and expanded the role of Local Authorities in addressing Homelessness. It resulted in improvements in funding available to voluntary bodies for accommodation for homeless persons. It also resulted in greater awareness of homelessness as an issue and in development of additional responses to it.

Child Care Act 1991

Under section 5 of the Child Care Act 1991 the HSE has responsibility for Homelessness in the following instance:

 Where it appears to the HSE that a child in it's area is homeless and if the HSE is satisfied that there is no accommodation available which can be reasonably occupied, then unless the child is received into the care of the HSE under the provisions of this Act, the HSE shall take such steps as are reasonable to make available suitable accommodation.

Health Act 1953

Prior to the passing of the Housing Act 1988, statutory responsibility for homelessness was vested in the Health Act 1953, which under Section 54 obliged health authorities to provide institutional assistance to those who were unable to provide shelter for themselves.

Section 5 Regional Implementation Structures

South East Homeless Forum

The South East Homeless Forum was established in April 2010 arising from Ministerial directions issued by the Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government in Circular HU 1/2010 in accordance with the provisions of sections 38, 39 and 41 of the Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2009. The role of the South East Homeless Forum is to provide a consultative mechanism in relation to homelessness in the context of the preparation of this statutory South East Homelessness Action Plan 2013 – 2016.

Membership of the South East Homeless Forum

The 24 members of the South East Homeless Forum are drawn from the sectors as outlined in Circular HU 1/2010 and are mandated for five years from 2010 - 2015. The membership is drawn from the following sectors:

South East Local Authorities	Waterford City Council – Lead Authority
Waterford Local Authorities	
Kilkenny Local Authorities	
Wexford Local Authorities	
South Tipperary Local Authorities	
Carlow Local Authorities	
Statutory Agencies	FÁS
Department of Social Protection	
The Probation Service	
Vocational Education Committee	
HSE Southeast	
Approved Housing & Other Bodies	SE Regional Drugs Task Force
SE Regional Men's Hostels	
	 Good Shepherd Centre, Kilkenny
	 Lady Lane Men's Hostel, Waterford
SE Women's Refuge	
	 Wexford Women's Refuge
	 Cuan Saor Women's Refuge, Clonmel
	Regional Homeless Service Providers
	 Focus Ireland
	 SE Simon
	Specialist Homeless Service provider
	 Tenancy Support & Sustainment – Carlow SVP
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Section 5 Regional Implementation Structures

Voluntary Housing Bodies - Long Term Housing Providers

- Cluid Housing Authority
- Respond! Housing Authority

SE Regional Management Group

A Management Group of the South East Homeless Forum was established in March 2010, in accordance with legislation with the primary responsibility:

- For the preparation of the statutory South East Homelessness Action Plan and on the ongoing operation of this Homelessness Action Plan;
- To make recommendations to relevant statutory bodies in relation to the services required to address homelessness in the region;
- On funding for such services.

SE Regional Management Working Group

The Management Group of the South East Homeless Forum mandated a Regional Management Working Group to come together to provide a forum for discussing and making recommendations to the SE Homeless Management Group in relation to the services required to address homelessness in the region, on funding of such services and on the ongoing implementation of the South East Homelessness Action Plan 2013 – 2016. The membership of the working group mirrors the member organisations of the Management Group and is comprised of six local authority homeless practitioners and three HSE staff.

SE Regional Voluntary Service Providers

As a result of the establishment of the new regional structures in 2010, South East Management Group, South East Management Working Group and the South East Homeless Forum a need was identified for a regional voluntary service providers structure to ensure representation from the voluntary service providers. The development of this structure has begun during the period of the previous SEHAP 2010 – 2013.

The Voluntary Service Providers network will require ongoing support to enable its development as both a representative and a support structure for the voluntary sector to participate fully in the national, regional and local development of quality and efficient homeless services.

Section 5 Regional Implementation Structures

County/City Homeless Action Teams

Homeless Action Teams are in operation in each of the Local Authority and are comprised of Local Authority Housing officials, HSE healthcare, DSP community welfare staff and representatives from voluntary service providers. Each Homeless Action Team meets to co-ordinate an inter agency response to the support needs and case management of homeless people and individuals at risk of becoming homeless.

The role of the Homeless Action Team as identified in the Murtagh report (2006) is to:

- carry out initial assessment of presenting homeless people
- prepare and approve care and support plans
- resettle homeless people into new permanent and emergency accommodation
- regularly review the implementation and efficiency of plans
- to develop and implement local preventative strategies with other agencies such as hospitals, probation service, Gardai and voluntary agencies.



Regional Picture

The South East region is one of nine Regions established under the Housing (Misc Prov) Act 2009 and comprises six local Authority areas, Carlow, Kilkenny, South Tipperary, Waterford City and County and Wexford. A large and varied range of services are provided by voluntary and statutory agencies, including advice and information, street outreach, accommodation, settlement, education and training and healthcare. Homeless services provide specific support for people who are homeless, according to their particular needs or age.

Access to Emergency/Temporary Accommodation

A person who is experiencing homelessness is entitled to shelter and assistance under the definition of homelessness in the Housing Act 1988 and the Health Act 1953. In the South East region, temporary or emergency accommodation is provided by voluntary bodies and supported by funding from the two main statutory sources, the HSE and funding provided by the Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government and Local Authorities.

In the main, emergency accommodation is accessible through presentation at the housing department of the Local Authority. A short assessment is undertaken and a referral made to the Homeless Action Team (HAT).

In 2011, 48% of all men and women presented on a self referral basis and 52% were referred by a referral agent, i.e. Local Authority, Gardai or otherwise.

Emergency/Temporary Accommodation

Men's emergency accommodation is provided in the South East by four voluntary service providers, the Society of St. Vincent de Paul in Carlow, Waterford and Wexford and the Good Shepherd Centre in Kilkenny. The four Men's Hostels provided accommodation for 435 men in 2011, almost 30% of these men reporting either alcohol and substance misuse and family breakdown as the main reason for presentation. 56% of the men were aged between 20 - 39 years of age.

Emergency accommodation for women and children is provided in four Women's Refuges in the South East located in Amber Women's Refuge in Kilkenny, Cuan Saor in South Tipperary, OASIS House in Waterford City and Wexford Women's refuge in Wexford. A total of 141 women were accommodated in 2011, 56% of whom had dependent children.

Regional Picture

Transitional/On Site Supported Accommodation

Transitional housing provides a person with an opportunity to have secure, medium term accommodation, with support to help them establish themselves in a home and provides them with support to address any issues which might make long-term housing unsustainable.

The length of time a person stays in transitional accommodation is time limited. It averages from 6 months to 2 years. In total 54 people presented to the transitional sector in 2011, 50% male, 50% female.

Transitional/On site supported accommodation is available largely in Waterford and is also provided by the men's hostels in Kilkenny and Wexford for previous residents of the main hostel. The Waterford City and County providers are Focus Ireland which provide supported housing to people who have experienced difficulties maintaining previous tenancies and have housing and a support need.

Providers specific to Waterford City are Tinteán Housing which offers supported accommodation to single women and Ceim Eile which offers supported accommodation to people who have completed a residential treatment programme.

Permanent On-Site Supported Accommodation

Long term supported housing is provided for those who have difficulty in living independently and for people who need some level of support on an on-going basis. There is no specific time limit on how long a person can stay in supported housing. The type and level of support varies and is provided by the staff within the service and though linkages with mainstream community based services. Focus Ireland provide 43 units of Permanent On Site supported accommodation in Waterford City.

Tenancy Support & Sustainment

Tenancy Support & Sustainment (TSS) services are available in each Local Authority area since 2012 and is operated by the Society of St Vincent de Paul in Carlow, SE Simon in South Tipperary and Focus Ireland in Kilkenny, Waterford City & County and Wexford. The overall objective of the Tenancy Support & Sustainment service is to provide support to households that are at risk of becoming homeless, in order to assist them to occupy (or continue) to occupy their accommodation and progress from homelessness or potential homelessness towards independent sustainable living. This involves home visits by the Tenancy Support & Sustainment

Regional Picture

service Project Workers whose role will be to signpost and facilitate access to mainstream services. 187 people were referred to TSS services in 2011, 43% of which were referred by Local Authorities.

LUB Outreach Service

Street outreach services are funded by the HSE and provided by Waterford and South Tipperary Regional Youth Service through the LUB project worker. The role of the service is to make contact with people who are sleeping rough and to work with them to link them into accommodation and other services, with a view to supporting them out of rough sleeping and into long-term accommodation.

Housing First project

SE Simon are to pilot a Housing First project in Waterford City. Housing First is one example of a housing-led policy approach. The Housing led approach is an alternative to a system of emergency shelter/transitional housing progressions. Rather than moving homeless individuals through different "levels" of housing, known as the Continuum of Care, whereby each level moves them closer to "independent housing" (for example: from the streets to a emergency hostel, and from a emergency hostel to a transitional housing program, and from there to their own apartment in the community) Housing Led approaches move the homeless individual or household immediately from the streets or emergency accommodation into their own accommodation and provides them with a high level of support until they are linked in with mainstream support services to ensure that they can sustain their tenancy.

Strategic Aims & Actions

Aim One

Preventing Homelessness

To reduce the number of households who become homeless through the further development and enhancement of preventative measures.

Strategic Objectives

- To ensure the National structures in place to co-ordinate specialist and mainstream services are operating effectively. Ensure SE regional participation in relevant structures: National Homelessness Consultative Committee, Cross Departmental Team, HSE Homeless Advisory & Governance Group, HSE Social Inclusion Specialist group.
- To ensure effective inter agency partnerships are in existence between relevant service providers, statutory services specific to homelessness, mainstream statutory service providers and voluntary service providers.
- Ensure referrals pathways to long term housing supports, substance misuse services and mental health services are in place for people who are experiencing homelessness, where appropriate.
- Ensure emerging trends in the causes and contributors to homelessness are documented and effective responses designed on an on-going basis.
- Ensure timely access to supports which can build capacity of people to move out of homelessness, i.e. education and training and labour activation opportunities.
- To collate all data gathered from the PASS system to monitor regional trends in the causes of homelessness and identification of approaches most successful in ending homelessness.
- Maximising funding opportunities within the region from all relevant agencies and ensuring all funding is co-ordinated through the Management Group structure

Aim Two Eliminate the need to Sleep Rough

To ensure that emergency and long term responses to homelessness are adequate to meet emerging needs and to ensure that no one needs to sleep rough.

Strategic Objectives

- An appropriate supply of emergency accommodation is to be ensured by ending long term occupation of emergency beds.
- Consideration of use of long term mainstream accommodation for housing led approaches to end instances of rough sleeping.

Strategic Aims & Actions

- Ensure all reasonable risk assessments are carried out to enable accommodation providers to provide shelter to those with high needs and challenging behaviours.
- Continued inter agency co-operation with regard to the monitoring of Rough Sleeping patterns.

Aim Three Eliminate long term homelessness

The elimination of long term homelessness is a core objective of Government's Homeless Policy and a national commitment has been made to end long term homelessness by 2016. This requires homeless services to ensure no one is in occupation of emergency homeless accommodation for longer than six months.

Strategic Objectives

- Identification of all persons who have homeless for six months in the South east region through the use of PASS.
- Undertake standardised Needs Assessment as part of an overall Care and Case management approach to be agreed by the South East regional homeless service providers.
- Explore potential for re-designation of emergency to long term beds in region, where appropriate.

Aim Four Meet long term housing needs of persons moving out of homelessness

To provide an adequate supply of long term housing tenancies, with supports, as necessary within the South East region as a response to tackle and prevent homelessness.

Strategic Objectives

- Ensure an adequate supply of all social housing tenures, Local Authority, Approved Housing Bodies, RAS/Leasing and Private Rented.
- o Ensure access to relevant and timely supports to long term tenancy sustainment.
- Ensure all homeless service provision is focused on supporting the person move out of homelessness.

Strategic Aims & Actions

Aim Five Effective homeless services

Ensure that homeless services are effective in addressing the needs of people experiencing homelessness in a comprehensive way and are aimed at moving the person out of homelessness and into long term housing as quickly as possible.

Strategic Objectives

- Agree and implement a standardised an approach to Care and Case Management.
- Implement a standardised data sharing system regionally.
- Ensure the voice of service users is sought, heard and listened to within the South East region.
- Ensure quality standards are implemented within the region.

Aim Six Better coordinated funding arrangements and proposals for new funding arrangements

Ensure expenditure is used in the most appropriate and efficient way possible, with the focus, at all times on achieving the best possible outcomes for people experiencing homelessness. Funding will be focused on the achievement of the goals set out in government policy, i.e. ending long term homelessness through a housing led approach.

Strategic Objectives

- Ensure the Consultative role of the South East Homeless Forum is maximised in relation to service development and achievement of the goals as set out in this regional plan.
- Ensure all funding arrangements are monitored and targeted, value and effectiveness achieved within available resources.
- Ensure co-ordination between all funding streams, capital and revenue, accommodation and health/ social care.
- Avoid duplication of services and pursue co-operation/shared service where appropriate.

1.	Strategic Action Area Preventing Homelessness	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
1.1	Education, Training & Employment			
1.1.1	Ensure all emergency service providers undertake basic life skills programmes with all residents of emergency accommodation. Programmes to include modules on budget management, cooking, basic hygiene etc.	HSE Local Authorities	HAT's VEC	Q1 2014 - Ensure part of 2014 SLA's
1.1.2	Ensure an inter agency approach is adopted to develop the educational and employment skills of people experiencing homelessness.	FAS VEC	HAT's PETE - FI	Q1 2014
1.2.	Preventative action for specific target	t groups		
1.2.1	New social households Ensure all new tenants sign up to An Post Household budget.	Local Authorities & DSP All AHB's		On-going
1.2.3	People with mental health support needs Develop & implement working guidelines/protocols between mental health & homelessness services to ensure that any individual who is experiencing or at risk of homelessness can access appropriate services and supports to address their needs.	HSE Mental Health Services	HAT's	Q4 2013 Begin process of agreement on protocol

1.	Strategic Action Area Preventing Homelessness	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
1.2.4	People with addictions Develop a memorandum of understanding with Substance Misuse Teams which will ensure that, where appropriate, people with substance misuse needs are assessed and	HSE Substance Misuse Teams	HAT's	Q1 2014 Begin process of agreement on protocol
1.2.5	appropriately referred into Substance Misuse Services At risk households in Local Authority			
	tenancies. Implement the Local Authority's preventative policies; Anti-Social Behaviour, Rent Arrears Management	Local Authorities	An Garda Síochána, MABS	On-going
1.2.6	People with a Disability Implement the recommendations in the 2011 National Housing Strategy for People with a Disability. Develop and strengthen linkages between relevant partners to the strategy.	Local Authorities & HSE	HAT's Disability organisations	On-going
1.2.7	Homelessness due to Domestic Violence Develop a working protocol which will address the accommodation needs of women and children leaving instances of domestic violence and ensure safety and support is available to those presenting "out of area" and "out of region".	HSE Local Authorities	An Garda Síochána The Court Service Women's Aid DECLG	Q4 2014

1.	Strategic Action Area Preventing Homelessness	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
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1.3	Discharge Planning			
1.3.1	HSE Hospital Discharge Planning			
	Ensure that effective discharge	HSE	HAT's	Q4 2013
	protocols are in place for people			
	experiencing homelessness.			
1.3.2	HSE Aftercare Service Users			
	Ensure young people leaving care and	HSE	Aftercare	Q4 2013
	aftercare are linked to the HSE		Steering	
	Aftercare Service and are provided		Groups	
	with appropriate supports into		DH&C and	
	adulthood.		DECLG	
	Ensure joint national protocol between	HSE & Local		
	HSE Child and Family Services and	Authorities		
	Local Authorities is signed off and			
	implemented.			
1.3.3	Irish Prison Service			
	Liaise with Irish Prison Service and	IPS, The	HAT's	Q4 2013
	The Probation Service to agree a	Probation	Local	
	regional protocol for persons leaving	Service	Authorities	
	state prisons.			
	Liaise with Multi Agency Group on			
	Homeless Sexual Offenders to agree			
	a procedure for the management of			
	people who have been convicted of			
	sex offences who are availing of			
	homeless services			

1.	Strategic Action Area Preventing Homelessness	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
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1.4.1	Undertake research on regional data	SE Regional	HAT's	Begin in Q 2
	gathered during 2011 – 2012 to	Management	VSP network	2014
	ascertain the main causes of	Group		
	homelessness and the initiatives that			
	led to the most successful outcomes			
	achieved.			
1.5	Maximise Funding opportunities			
	Circulate all available funding	SE Regional	HAT's	On-going
	opportunities to voluntary service	Management	VSP network	
	providers	Group		
	Ensure all HSE and DECLG funding is			
	accessed and utilised to its best			
	advantage			
1.6	Homeless Proofing			
	Recommend the proofing of all policy	Cross	Lead	Q1 2015
	changes against the risk of	Departmental	Authorities	
	homelessness.	Team		
	Explore funding opportunities to	SE		Q2 2014
	enable a Homelessness Proofing tool	Management		
	to be commissioned	Working		
		Group		
	Primary Care Teams			
1.7		Primary Care		Q1 2014
1.7	Establish working relationships with	T minary Garo		1
1.7	Establish working relationships with the HSE Primary Care Leaders to	Leader's		
1.7				
1.7	the HSE Primary Care Leaders to	Leader's		

2.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Eliminate the need to Sleep Rough			

2.1	Monitor levels and patterns of Rough	Sleeping		
2.1.1	Rough Sleeping Count			
	A Rough Sleeping count to be carried	HAT's	VSP	Q3 2013
	out at least once a year in each local		network	Q3 2014
	Authority area in line with National		An Garda	Q3 2015
	count criteria.		Síochána	Q3 2016
2.1.2	Monitor Rough Sleeping			
	Include the tracking of people who are	HAT's	VSP	On-going
	known to services on HAT agenda.		network	
			An Garda	
			Síochána	
2.1.3	Explore the reasons for continued	HAT's	HSE	On-going
	Rough Sleeping.		Local	
			Authorities	
2.2	Preventative Measures			
2.2.1	Out of Hours Plan			
	Develop and implement an Out of	Local	HAT's	Q4 2013
	Hours plan in each Local Authority	Authorities		
	area which is fit for purpose and			
	ensure dissemination to all relevant			
	stakeholders.			
2.2.2	Severe Weather arrangements			
	Develop and implement a Severe	Local	HAT's	Q3 2013
	Weather procedure and ensure	Authorities		
	dissemination to all relevant			
	stakeholders.			
L	I	1	1	1

2.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Eliminate the need to Sleep Rough			

2.2.3	Access to services			
2.2.0	Ensure all service providers have clear	Voluntary	HSE	Q2 2014
	written policies on assessment	Service	Local	QZ 2014
	procedures, barring procedures and	Providers	Authorities	
	appeals procedures which are	FIONICEIS	Autionities	
	standardised across the region.	HAT's		
	Monitor access to services and	HAT S		
	exclusions by services.			
2.2.4	Monitor occupancy			
	Monitor occupancy of all homeless	Local	HAT's	On-going
	facilities to ensure availability of beds	Authorities		
2.2.5	Pilot Housing First project			
	Ensure Housing First pilot project in	SE Simon	Waterford	Mid way review
	Waterford City receives appropriate		City HAT	of project
	referrals and has access to adequate			Q1 2015
	supports from all statutory providers.			
	Ensure best practice learning from the		HAT's	
	project is implemented in other Local			
	Authority areas, where appropriate to			
	local needs.			
2.2.6	Continue Outreach & TSS services			
	Continue to fund outreach and	Local	HAT's	On-going
	resettlement services across the region.	Authorities	SE Regional	
		HSE	Management	
			Group	
2.2.7	Transient Homelessness	Local	DSP	On-going
	Ensure that people who present as	Authorities		
	experiencing transient homelessness	VSP's		
	are offered respite accommodation, if			
	necessary.			

2.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Eliminate the need to Sleep Rough			

2.2.8	People presenting with High Support			
	needs			
	Undertake a regional scoping exercise	HAT's	Local	Q4 2013
	which will identify: the numbers of	SE	Authorities	
	people presenting to homeless services	Management	HSE	
	with high support needs and/or	Working		
	challenging behaviours, the risks to	Group		
	service providers in meeting the			
	person's needs, and the instances in			
	which needs cannot be met by existing			
	service provisions.			

3.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Eliminate long term homelessness			

3.1	Care & Case Management			
3.1.1	Work with PASS and Regional	SE	HAT's	Q1 2014 for
	Working Group to agree a	Management	VSP network	roll out
	standardised framework for	Group		
	Assessment, Referral and Care			
	Planning (Personal Action Planning)			
	for regional implementation and to			
	ensure its application to those who are			
	long term in emergency			
	accommodation.			
3.2	Identification of Long Term Homeless	s cohort		
3.2.1	Identify the number of people who are	Emergency	HAT's	Q3 2013
	resident in emergency	VSP's		
	accommodation on a long term basis.			
3.2.2	Carry out a needs analysis of each	HAT's	LA	Q4 2013
	individual and agree a Care Plan		HSE	
	which includes a Move On plan.		DSP	
3.3	Meet the needs of long term homeles	s neonle		
3.3.1	Consider the need to reconfigure	HAT's	SE	Q1 2014
J.J. I		VSPs	-	
	existing emergency beds to continue	VOPS	Management	
	to meet the needs of long term		Group	
	residents.			

4.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Meet long term housing needs of persons moving out of homelessness			

4.1	Identify housing options available to	ensure people o	an move on fr	om homeles
	accommodation to a sustainable long	ı term housing o	option	
4.1.1	Ensure each Local Authority identifies	Local	VSPs	Quarterly
	an adequate supply of accommodation	Authorities	DECLG	reports to
	from all available housing options to			DECLG
	move people on from homeless			
	services			
4.1.2	Ensure each HAT has a care plan in	HAT's	VSPs	On-going
	place for each person in homeless		HSE	
	services which addresses the specific		LA	
	support needs required for that person		DSP	
	to establish and sustain a long term			
	housing option. Monitor the			
	implementation of each Care Plan.			
4.2	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher			
4.2 4.2.1	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications	SE Regional	LA	On-going
	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher		LA AHB's	On-going
	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned	SE Regional		On-going
	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level	SE Regional Management		On-going
	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned	SE Regional Management		On-going
4.2.1	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned by the Regional Management Group	SE Regional Management		On-going
4.2.1	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned by the Regional Management Group Housing Assistance Payment (HAP)	SE Regional Management Group	AHB's	
4.2.1	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned by the Regional Management Group Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Ensure best use of the HAP system to	SE Regional Management Group Local Authorities	AHB's	
4.2.1 4.2 4.2 4.2.1	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned by the Regional Management Group Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Ensure best use of the HAP system to alleviate potential homelessness	SE Regional Management Group Local Authorities	AHB's	Q1 2014
4.2.1 4.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.3	Best Use of Capital Assistance Scher Ensure all CAS approved applications are aimed at meeting the highest level of need categories and are sanctioned by the Regional Management Group Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Ensure best use of the HAP system to alleviate potential homelessness Support to Live Independently schem	SE Regional Management Group Local Authorities	AHB's DSP HAT's	

5.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Effective homeless services			

5.1	Care & Case Management				
5.1.1	Work with PASS and Regional	SE Regional	VSP network	Complete by	
	Working Group to agree a	Management		Q2 2014	
	standardised approach to	Working Group			
	Assessment, Referral and Care	& Review			
	Planning (Personal Action Planning)	Group			
	for regional implementation.				
5.1.2	To agree a memorandum of	SE	HSE	Q1 2014	
	understanding with Substance Misuse	Management	HAT's		
	Services to ensure timely access to	Working Group			
	appropriate services as part of an				
	agreed care plan.				
5.1.3	Ensure the Inter County protocols for	SE	HAT's	Q2 2013	
	the effective case management of	Management	Local		
	homeless presentations within the	Working Group	Authorities		
	region is agreed and implemented		DSP		
5.1.4	Ensure Homeless Action Teams	SE	HAT's	On-going	
	continue to operate effectively as the	Management			
	inter agency team mandated to co-	Working Group			
	ordinate the Care and Case				
	Management of all people accessing				
	homeless services.				
	Develop Terms of Reference for all	HAT's		Q1 2014	
	HAT's				
5.2	Awareness Raising with Statutory & \	/oluntary Service	e providers		
5.2.1	Each HAT to develop an annual	HAT	HSE	Q4 2013	
	Awareness Raising programme to	VSP	DSP	Q4 2014	
	include Information Sharing workshops		Probation	Q4 2015	
	with relevant stakeholders.		CIC	Q4 2015	
	l	1	1	1	

5.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Effective homeless services			
5.2.2	Complete and launch regional	SE	VSP network	Q3 2013
	Directory of Services and ensure	Management	HAT's	
	publication is updated on an annual	Working Group	HSE	
	basis			
5.2.3.	Continue a programme of open	HAT's		On-going
	invitations to HAT's to discuss			
	potential partnership or collaborative			
	actions			
5.3	Training & Development programme	1		
5.3.1	Undertake a Training Needs analysis	SE	HAT's	Q3 2013
	with all relevant staff to identify the	Management	VSP network	
	needs to ensure the delivery of	Working Group		
	effective services in the region			
5.0	Training & Oteff Development and	I		
5.3	Training & Staff Development program			02 2012
5.3.2	Develop and implement an annual	SE	HAT's VSP network	Q3 2013
	Regional Training & Development plan	Management	VSP Helwork	
		Working Group		
5.5	Advice & Information "One Stop Shop	os"		
5.5.1	Explore the potential for developing a	VSP's	HAT's	On-going
	One Stop Shop type Information Point		LA	
	in each local Authority area to ensure		HSE	
	people seeking homeless services are			
	signposted to the most appropriate			
	provider			

5.	•	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
		Effective homeless services			

5.6	Quality Standards			
5.6.1	Seek National Guidance on the Quality	Local	DRHE	Q 3 2013
	standards to be adopted by Homeless	Authorities	Working	
	service providers to ensure both	HSE	Group	
	Putting People First and Quality in			
	Alcohol and Drugs Services (QuADs)			
	standards are met through the			
	development of a revised set of quality			
	standards appropriate to homeless			
	services.			
			I	
5.7	Definition of Homelessness			
5.7.1	Local Authorities to seek guidance	SE	Local	Q3 2013
	from the Housing Agency on the	Management	Authorities	
	application of the statutory definition of	Working Group		
	homelessness to inform assessment			
	procedures			
5.8	Service User Involvement			
5.8.1	Ensure service users views and	HAT's	SERDTF	Q1 2014
5.0.1			_	Q1 2014
	opinions are sought and acted upon		Local	
	through service users panels being		Authorities	
	established.		HSE	
		1	1	1

6.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Better coordinated funding arrangements and proposals for new funding arrangements			

6.1	Service Level Agreements			
6.1.1	Ensure all services funded under	Local	SE	Q1 2013
	Section 10 Housing Act 1988 have a	Authorities	Management	Q1 2014
	Service Level Agreement with their		Group	Q1 2015
	respective Local Authority			Q1 2016
6.1.2	Ensure all services funded by HSE	HSE	SE	Q1 2013
	funding have a Service Level		Management	Q1 2014
	Agreement or Grant Aid Agreement		Group	Q1 2015
	with the relevant section within the			Q1 2016
	HSE.			
6.1.3	Ensure all services are met in a three	Local	SE	Q1 2013
	way joint funders meeting on an	Authorities	Management	Q1 2014
	annual basis.	HSE	Group	Q1 2015
				Q1 2016
6.2	Ensure effective funding arrangemen	ts		
6.2.1	Ensure all services to be funded are in	SE	High Level	On-going
	line with the principles outlined in the	Management	Oversight	
	<i>"The Way Home</i> " and the Devolved	Group	Group	
	Funding protocol		SE	
			Management	
			Working	
			Group	
			VSP network	
6.2.3	Ensure all services funded have been	SE	High Level	On-going
	approved the SE Management Group	Management	Oversight	
		Group	Group	
			SE	

6.	Strategic Action Area	Lead Agency	Partners	Timeframe
	Better coordinated funding arrangements and proposals for new funding arrangements			

			Management	
			Working	
			Group	
			VSP network	
6.3	Co-ordination of Local Services			
6.3.1	The SE Regional Management Group	SE	HSE	Q2 2013
	will review the expenditure and	Management	High Level	
	operation of all existing services in the	Group	Oversight	
	region to assess and compare them to		Group	
	the proposed headings in the protocols		VSP network	
	of devolved funding as per the			
	Department of the Environment,			
	Community & Local Government			
6.3.2	Following action 6.3.1 the Regional	SE	HSE	Q3 2013
	Management Group will develop a	Management	VSP network	
	regional protocol for the SE region to	Group		
	inform the future funding allocation for			
	all homeless services.			
6.3.3	Ensure an agreed Communication	SE	VSP network	Q2 2013
	protocol is implemented and regularly	Management	SEHF	
	reviewed for effectiveness	Group &	Local	
		Working Group	Authorities	

Appendix 1

Consultation Process

Adjoining Housing Authorities consulted

North Tipperary County Council

Cork County Council

Wicklow County Council

Laois County Council

Kildare County Council

Limerick County Council

Other groups/Organisations

South East Homeless Forum

South East Management Working Group

South East Voluntary Service Providers network

South East Homeless Action Teams

Health Service Executive