

Knowledge,
Training &
Understanding
Deep Energy
Renovations of
Traditional
Buildings.

Peter Cox

Managing Director of Carrig Conservation International





C A R R I G

CARRIG Research

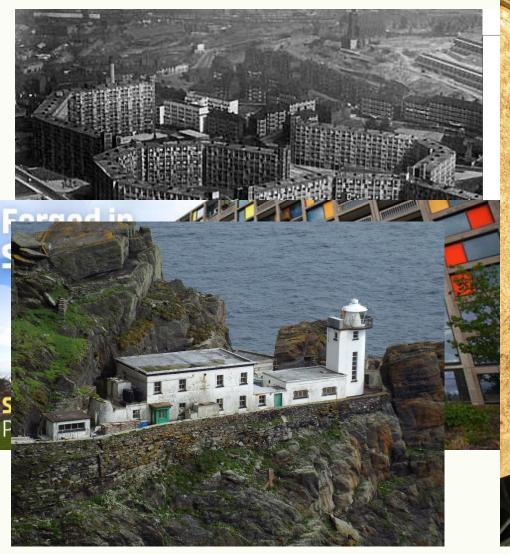
CARRIG Energy
conservation international Conservation

Peter Cox, Managing Director

Dr Caroline Engel Purcell, Head of Research



Some Carrig Projects









Introduction

We have been involved in the following studies

- Fraunhofer Institute of Building Physics
- CEN Technical Committee 346 WG 8 which delivered
 EN16883:2017
- 2010 Climate Change and it's Effect on Heritage
- Vulnerability Atlas for Heritage Sites in Wexford
- Gap Analysis of Deep Energy Retrofit Skills & Training
- 10 Module CPD Course on the above
- Understanding Carbon in the Built Environment
- Future of our Past



Introduction

What I will cover in my talk:

- A Short Background
- Our Experience
- Gap Analysis in Deep Retro Fit Skills & Knowledge
- New CPD Course
- Understanding Carbon in the Built Environment
- Worst Case Scenario





Location: Monastery Benediktbeuern



© Fraunhofer IBP









The Building: Alte Schäfflerei / Old Cooperage



Front view of the building before renovation.

© Fraunhofer IBP





Fraunhofer-Zentrum für energetische Altbausanierung und Denkmalpflege Benediktbeuern





Kopfbau der Alten Schäfflerei

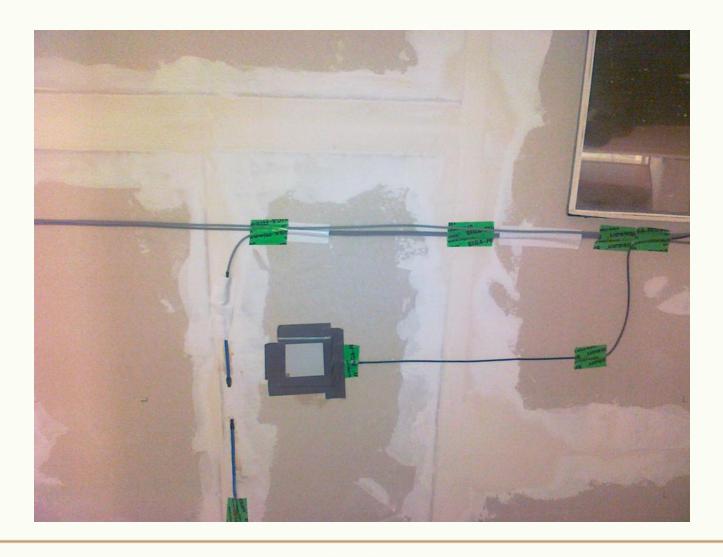
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Building Typologies











Addressing knowledge gaps and skills training in Ireland



Addressing Knowledge Gaps and Skills Training in Ireland

The Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland

The Heritage Council

Carrig Conservation International, Ltd.

ICOMOS Ireland National Scientific Committee on Energy, Sustainability and Climate Change (NSCES+CC)

<u>Author</u>

Caroline Engel Purcell, PhD Arch, MSc Arch Cons, BA Arch

NSCES+CC Steering Committee

Colm Murray, The Heritage Council; Peter Cox, ICOMOS International Scientific Committee on Energy, Sustainability and Climate Change and Carrig Conservation International Ltd; Leila Budd, Carrig Conservation International Ltd.; Deirdre McDermott, Vice President of ICOMOS Ireland.

March 2018











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Understanding Traditional Buildings

2.4 Understanding Traditional Buildings

2.4.1 Building Physics and Hygrothermal Behaviour

Nearly all buildings constructed in Ireland from medieval times up until 1940 were constructed using traditional methods⁵⁴, but what is a 'traditional' building? According to the 2010 DEHLG Advice Series publication Energy Efficiency in Traditional Buildings, Ireland primarily consists of those built with solid masonry walls of brick or stone, often originally finished with a lime-based render, single-glazed timber or metal windows, and a timber-framed roof clad in slate, tiles, copper or lead. Solid masonry walls do not contain an air-filled cavity but were instead often filled with small stones or lime mortar. Brick walls were finished internally with a lime-based plaster while rubble walls were finished both internally and externally with a breathable lime-based plaster that allowed internal moisture to escape through the walls.

Traditional buildings require sufficiently thick external walls to ensure that drying cycles occur before atmospheric moisture reaches the internal wall face. It is essential that all materials and finishes, including mortars and enders, out on traditional walls are porous to allow this natural transfer of moisture to occur. Basic guidance on the detriment of non-porous materials like cement is provided in the HES Inform Guide Lime and Cement Mortars in Traditional Buildings.

The 2007 Conservation Advice Series publication *Maintenance: A Guide to the Care of Older Buildings* also provides a brief overview for homeowners on how old buildings work and how to deal with three common types of damp: rising, penetrating and condensation.³⁶

Under the Intelligent Energy Europe TABULA Project (2009-2012), a study of common Irish residential building typologies and their typical energy and thermal properties was developed into an

Advice Series: Energy Efficiency in Traditional Buildings (2010)

Advice Series: Maintenance
- A Guide to the Care of
Older Buildings (2007)

HES Technical Advice Note 15: External Lime Coatings on Traditional Buildings (2001)

Mortars in Traditional Buildings (2014)

HES INFORM Guide: Lime and Cement Mortars in Traditional Buildings (2016)



⁴⁴ Advice Series: Energy Efficiency in Traditional Buildings (2010), Dublin: Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government. Available at: https://www.chg.gov.ie/heritage/built-heritage/architectural-heritage-advisory-service/advice-for-waves/of.5.

^{**} Snow, J. and Torney, C. (2014) Short Guide 6: Lime Mortars in Traditional Buildings. Edinburgh: Historic Environment Scotland.
** Newsom, S., Gibbons, P. and Brown, S. (2001) Technical Advice Note 15: External Lime Contings on Traditional Buildings, Edinburgh: Historic Environment Scotland. Available at: https://www.historicenvironment.scot/archives-and-research/publications/publication/?publication/32b2/4be-9698-9495-9024-95200967bb.

³⁷ Mitchell, D. D. and Toney, D. C. (2016) MFORM Guide: Lime and Cement Mortars in Traditional Buildings, Edinburgh: Historic Environment Scotland. Available at: https://www.historicenvironment.scot/archives-and-research/publications/publication/2publication/3

research/publications/publication/-publicationio-94100400-0700-4184-0880-0359500750180.

98 Donnelly, J. (2007) Advice Series: Maintenance - A Guide to the Core of Older Buildings, Dublin: Department of Culture, Heritage

^{**}Donnelly, J. (2007) Advice Series: Maintenance - A Guide to the Care of Older Buildings, Dublin: Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht. Available at: https://www.chg.gov.ic/heritage/built-heritage/architectural-heritage-advisory-service/advice-forowners/.

ENERGY RENOVATION & MOISTURE-RELATED RISKS

- Reputable Information Sources
- UK Centre for Moisture in Buildings (UKCMB)
- Building Research Establishment (BRE)
- Sustainable Traditional Building Alliance (STBA)
- Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings (SPAB)
- Historic Environment Scotland (HES)
- Historic England (HE)



http://www.ukcmb.org/resources/Outputs



Reputable Information Sources

- Historic Environment Scotland (HES)
 - Technical Reports, Technical Advice Series & Refurbishment Case Studies
 - Little, J., Ferraro, C. and Arregi, B. (2015) <u>HES Technical</u>
 Paper 15: Assessing Risks in Insulation Retrofits using <u>Hygrothermal Software Tools Heat and Moisture Transport</u> in Internally Insulated Stone Walls
- Historic England (HE)
 - Energy Efficiency and Historic Buildings series:
 - How to Improve Energy Efficiency (2018)
 - Insulating Solid Walls (2016)
 - Research Report Series:
 - Hygrothermal Modelling of Shrewsbury Flax Mill Maltings
 - External Wall Insulation in Traditional Buildings Case
 Studies of Three Large-scale Projects in the North of England
- Sustainable Traditional Building Alliance (STBA)
 - May, N. and Sanders, C. (2017) <u>Moisture in Buildings: An</u> Integrated Approach to Risk Assessment and Guidance
 - <u>STBA Responsible Retrofit Wheel</u> (2017; adapted for France 2018)



Measuring risk vs benefit of energy renovation options (Historic England, *How to Improve Energy Efficiency*, 2018)









Deep Energy Renovation of Traditional Buildings Addressing Knowledge Gaps and Skills Training in Ireland

Contracting Authority: Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland (SEAI)

Partner: The Heritage Council



Deep Energy Renovation of Traditional Buildings

Addressing Knowledge Gaps and Skills Training in Ireland

The Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland

The Heritage Council

Carrig Conservation International, Ltd.

ICOMOS Ireland National Scientific Committee on Energy, Sustainability and Climate Change (NSCES+CC)

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NSCES+CC Steering Committee

Colm Murray, The Heritage Council; Peter Cox, ICOMOS International Scientific Committee on Energy,
Sustainability and Climate Change and Carrig Conservation International Ltd; Leila Budd, Carrig
Conservation International Ltd.; Deirdre McDermott, Vice President of ICOMOS Ireland.

March 2018



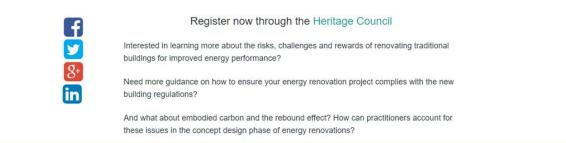






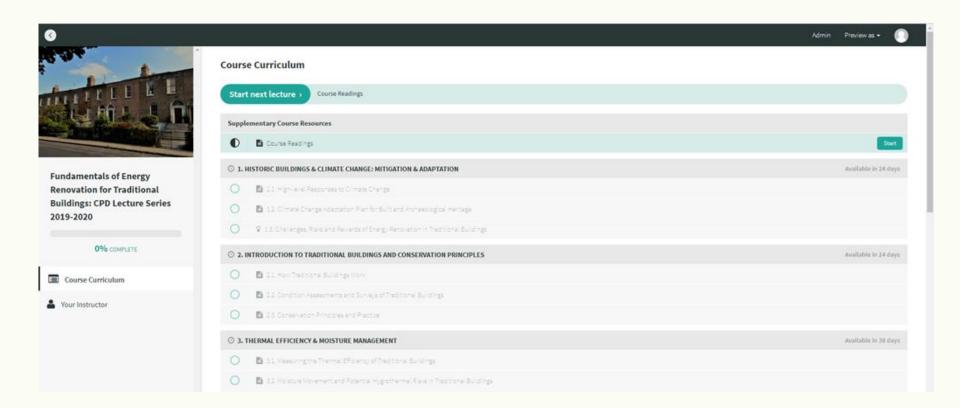






- Developed in conjunction with the Heritage Council
- Attendance fees subsidised by SEAI
- 5 lecture days from November 1st 2019 to January 31st 2020
- Continuing Professional Development (CPD) credits provided by Royal Institute of the Architects of Ireland (RIAI) and Engineers Ireland (EI)





Attendees will be supported by an online resource with suggested readings, speaker presentations and practice quizzes to test knowledge and comprehension.



Modules (2 per day):

- 1. HISTORIC BUILDINGS & CLIMATE CHANGE: MITIGATION & ADAPTATION
- 2. INTRODUCTION TO TRADITIONAL BUILDINGS AND CONSERVATION PRINCIPLES
- 3. THERMAL EFFICIENCY & MOISTURE MANAGEMENT
- 4. UPGRADING BUILDING SERVICES & INTEGRATING RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES
- LOW-RISK, HIGH-IMPACT ENERGY RENOVATION WORKS
- 6. SOLID WALL INSULATION
- 7. COMPLYING WITH BUILDING REGULATIONS & TAKING A BALANCED APPROACH T O RE N OV AT ION
- 8. PROJECT COORDINATION AND RISK MANAGEMENT
- 9. REDUCING THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE GAP
- 10. DEALING WITH KNOWLEDGE GAPS AND UNCERTAINTIES IN PRACTICE





Fundamentals of Energy Renovation for Traditional Buildings: CPD Lecture Series 2019-2020

Lecture Topics

The following 10 modules will be delivered over the 5 days of the lecture series (2 modules per day).

1. HISTORIC BUILDINGS & CLIMATE CHANGE: MITIGATION & ADAPTATION

- 1.1. High-level responses to climate change Peter Cox, Carrig Conservation International Ltd.
- 1.2. Climate Change Adaptation Plan for Built & Archaeological Heritage Dr Cathy Daly, University of Lincoln
- 1.3. Challenges, risks and rewards of energy renovation Chris Morgan, Scottish Ecological Design Association

2. INTRODUCTION TO TRADITIONAL BUILDINGS AND CONSERVATION PRINCIPLES

- 2.1. How traditional buildings work Carl Raftery, Dublin City Council
- 2.2. Condition assessments and surveys of traditional buildings Frank Keohane, Chartered Building Surveyor
- 2.3. Conservation principles and practice Jacqui Donnelly, Dept of Culture, Heritage & the Gaeltacht

3. THERMAL EFFICIENCY & MOISTURE MANAGEMENT

- 3.1. Measuring the thermal efficiency of traditional buildings Joseph Little, Technical University Dublin
- 3.2. Moisture movement and potential hygrothermal risks Colin King, UK Centre for Moisture in Buildings
- 3.3. Case Study: New Court, Trinity College, Cambridge Dr Caroline Rye, Archimetrics Ltd.

4. Upgrading Building Services & Integrating Renewable Energy Sources

- 4.1. Introduction to low carbon energy sources and heating solutions Lis O'Brien, Limerick Institute of Technology
- 4.2. Managing the design of mechanical and electrical installations Edith Blennerhassett, ARUP
- 4.3. Case Study: Decarbonising National Trust Properties Keith Jones, UK National Trust

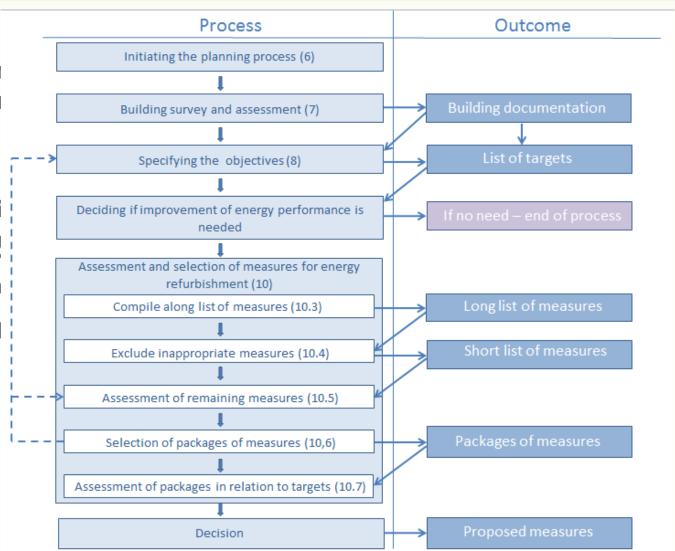
Speakers from Ireland, UK and Europe:

- Dr. Cathy Daly
- Chris Morgan
- Keith Jones
- more examples...



This is a little known Standard or Guidelin

Guidelines for a Retrofit of Hist Architecturally Culturally Impa Buildings.





Social Housing in Preston, UK







What not to do









Internal Conditions within 7 Years





Closer to Home





Sustainable Development Goals





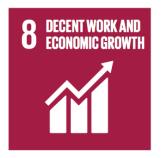






























We Need to Stop This.







We Hope to Get to This.







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